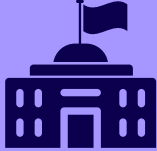



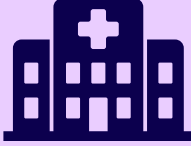



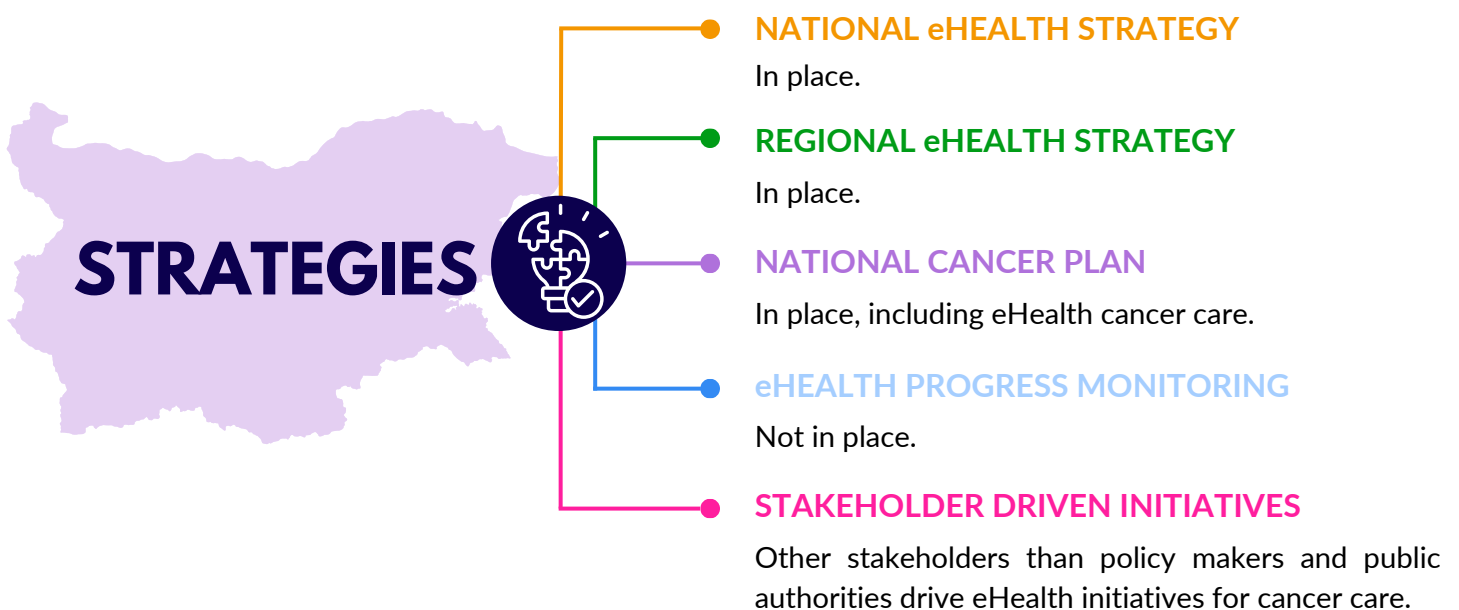
GOVERNANCE

eHealth programmes require political-governance strategies to achieve health policy goals. This is an overview of the eHealth governance ecosystem in Bulgaria:

ENTITY RESPONSIBLE FOR eHEALTH	NATIONAL eHEALTH GOVERNANCE BOARD	PUBLIC eHEALTH AGENCY
 Ministry of Health	 Not in place	 Not in place National Health Information System (NHIS) takes this role
eHEALTH TOOLS IN THE OUTPATIENT SECTOR	eHEALTH TOOLS IN THE INPATIENT SECTOR	COMPREHENSIVE CANCER CENTRES WORKING ON eHEALTH
 Partially covered by public resources	 Not covered by public resources	 Not in place

STRATEGIES

Bulgaria has put in place specific strategies and policies for eHealth and cancer care:



LEGISLATION

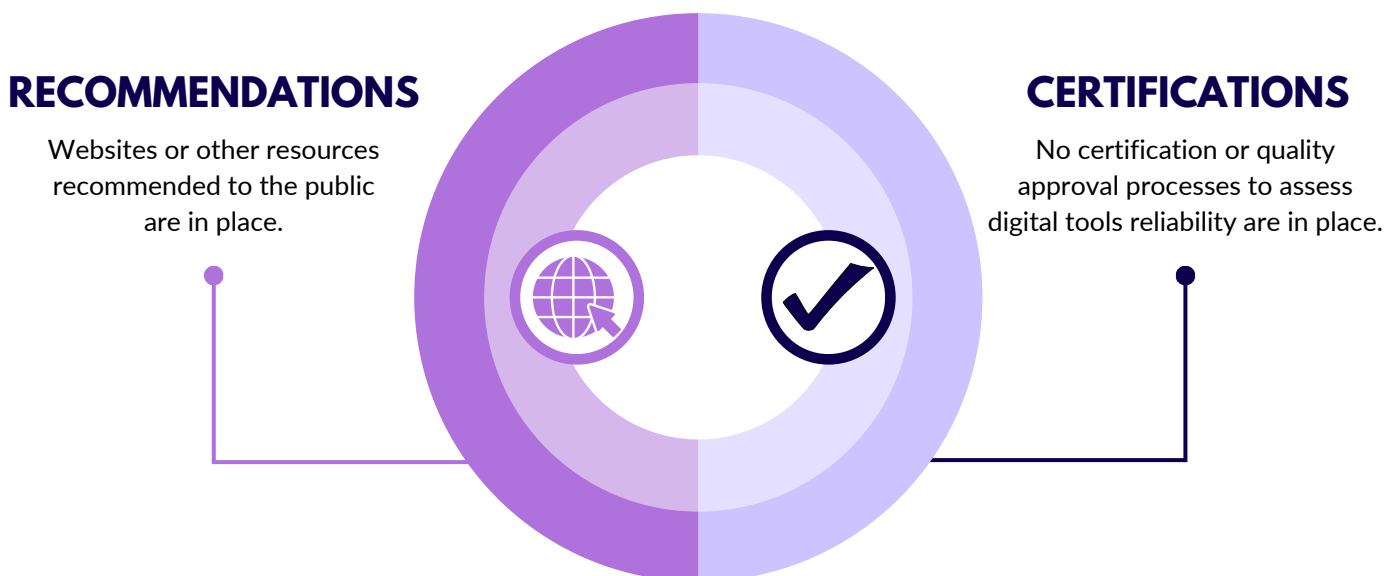
The level of integration of eHealth in different countries also depends on how legislation responds to innovation needs. In Bulgaria, telemedicine, cancer prevention and eHealth cancer care is regulated by:



Note that where no specific legislation is in place, commonly, general legislation is applied.

CANCER SPECIFIC eHEALTH SOLUTIONS

A number of digital solutions are available in some countries for cancer patients. Some of them are commercial, whereas some others are offered and recommended by national public healthcare systems. In some countries, governmental institutions provide a list of solutions, such as eHealth apps, for cancer patients. In Bulgaria:



For more information visit: ecanja.eu or [Bulgaria's original data survey](#).

Disclaimer: Data obtained from public sources. Data reviewed by country expert(s). Last updated: 18/06/2024